according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : CAVITEX

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the : Solvent-borne coatings

Substance/Mixture

Recommended restrictions For use in industrial installations or professional treatment

on use

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Roberlo s.a. Company

> Ctra. Nacional II. Km. 706.5 17457 Riudellots de la Selva

Spain

Telephone : +34972478060

Telefax : +34972477394

E-mail address of person

responsible for the SDS

: msds@roberlo.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

+34 972 478060 (8:00-12:45 / 14:15-17:30 h) ROBERLO (Spain) (GMT + 1:00)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Flammable liquids, Category 3 H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3, Central nervous

system

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated

exposure, Category 1, Central nervous

system

H372: Causes damage to organs through

prolonged or repeated exposure.

Chronic aquatic toxicity, Category 2 H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

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Hazard pictograms :







Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H372 Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system)

through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements : Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open

flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye

protection/ face protection.

P260 Do not breathe vapours.

P260 Do not breathe spray.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

Response:

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh

air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON

CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste

disposal plant.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)

2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Chemical nature : Paint

Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration
	EC-No.		(% w/w)
	Index-No.		
	Registration number		

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For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : Move out of dangerous area.

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

Do not leave the victim unattended.

If inhaled : If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical

advice.

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case of skin contact : If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

If on skin, rinse well with water. If on clothes, remove clothes.

In case of eye contact : Flush eyes with water as a precaution.

Remove contact lenses. Protect unharmed eye.

Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed : Keep respiratory tract clear.

Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms : Inhalation may provoke the following symptoms:

Headache Vertigo Fatigue Weakness

Skin contact may provoke the following symptoms:

Redness Pain

Ingestion may provoke the following symptoms:

Abdominal pain

Nausea Vomiting Diarrhoea

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : No information available.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Alcohol-resistant foam

Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during

firefighting

: Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

courses.

Hazardous combustion

products

: No hazardous combustion products are known

5.3 Advice for firefighters

for firefighters

Special protective equipment : In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Further information Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. For safety reasons in case of fire, cans should be stored

separately in closed containments.

Use a water spray to cool fully closed containers.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Use personal protective equipment.

Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapours can accumulate in low areas.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Prevent product from entering drains.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible

absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth,

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vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13).

6.4 Reference to other sections

For contact information in case of emergency, see section 1. For information on safe handling, see section 7. For exposure controls and personal protection measures, see section 8. For subsequent waste disposal, follow the recommendations in section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling : Avoid formation of aerosol.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. For personal protection see section 8.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the

application area.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. Open drum carefully as content may be under pressure. Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national

regulations.

Advice on protection against :

fire and explosion

Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge

(which might cause ignition of organic vapours). Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

Hygiene measures : When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke.

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

No smoking. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and wellventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Observe label precautions. Electrical installations / working materials must comply with the technological safety

standards.

Storage period : 12 Months

Further information on

storage stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : For the use of this product do not exist particular

recommendations apart from that already indicated.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis	
Silicon dioxide	112945-52- 5	TWA (Inhalable)	6 mg/m3	GB EH40	
Further information	For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/3 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable and inhalable dust, The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limit., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'., Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/3., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure should be used				
		TWA (Respirable)	2.4 mg/m3	GB EH40	
Further information	fractions of ai in accordance sampling and COSHH defin kind when pre 8-hour TWA of This means the above these I exposure to the dusts contain and fate of an and the body particle. HSE inhalable and airborne mate therefore availapproximates	ses of these limits, reported dust which wise with the methods degravimetric analysis ition of a substance esent at a concentrate of inhalable dust or 4 hat any dust will be sevels. Some dusts hat any dust will be sevels. Some dusts hat any dust will be sevels. Some dusts hat any dust will be sevels of a wide response that it elicitle distinguishes two sized 'respirable'., Inhalated it and the for deposition in to the fraction that p	espirable dust and inhalable all be collected when sampling escribed in MDHS14/3 General of respirable and inhalable of hazardous to health includes ion in air equal to or greater mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respubject to COSHH if people a ave been assigned specific with the appropriate limit., Mostange of sizes. The behaviour after entry into the human rests, depend on the nature and the fractions for limit-setting puble dust approximates to the ose and mouth during breath in the respiratory tract. Respipenetrates to the gas exchangatory material are given in Minimum of the second mouth during breath in the respiratory tract.	g is undertaken ral methods for dust, The solust, The solust of any than 10 mg.m-3 irable dust. The exposed WELs and strindustrial solution spiratory system I size of the urposes termed fraction of sing and is rable dust ge region of the	

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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	Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure should be used				
		TWA (inhalable dust)	6 mg/m3	GB EH40	
Further information	For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/3 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable and inhalable dust, The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limit., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'., Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/3., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure should be				
	used	TWA (Respirable dust)	2.4 mg/m3	GB EH40	
Further information	fractions of ai in accordance sampling and COSHH defin kind when present above these leaves contain and fate of an and the body particle. HSE 'inhalable' and airborne mate therefore avait approximates lung. Fuller de Where dusts or relevant limits	ses of these limits, reported dust which with the methods do gravimetric analysis ition of a substance sent at a concentrate of inhalable dust or 4 hat any dust will be sevels. Some dusts hat sevels are must comply with particles of a wide response that it elicit distinguishes two sized 'respirable'., Inhalate ital that enters the neal that en	espirable dust and inhalabell be collected when sample escribed in MDHS14/3 Ge of respirable and inhalable hazardous to health includion in air equal to or greater mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of resubject to COSHH if people ave been assigned specifies the appropriate limit., Mange of sizes. The behavior after entry into the humants, depend on the nature are fractions for limit-setting ble dust approximates to those and mouth during breath the respiratory tract. Respondent to the gas exchalatory material are given in that have their own assign with., Where no specific street imes the long-term expectations on the respiratory tract.	ling is undertaken neral methods for e dust, The les dust of any er than 10 mg.m-3 spirable dust. e are exposed to WELs and lost industrial our, deposition respiratory system and size of the purposes termed he fraction of eathing and is spirable dust lange region of the MDHS14/3., led WEL, all the hort-term	

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8.2 Exposure controls

Personal protective equipment

Eye protection : Eye wash bottle with pure water

Tightly fitting safety goggles

Hand protection

Material : Solvent-resistant gloves

Skin and body protection : Impervious clothing

Choose body protection according to the amount and

concentration of the dangerous substance at the work place.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance : viscous liquid

Colour : beige, translucent

Odour : characteristic

Melting point/range : not determined

Boiling point/boiling range : not determined

Flash point : 39 °C

Method: ISO 1523, closed cup

Setaflash

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

not determined

Lower explosion limit / Lower :

flammability limit

not determined

Density : 0.9 g/cm3 (20 °C)

Method: ISO 2811-1

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : immiscible

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : 36,000 mPa.s (20 °C)

Method: ISO 2555

Viscosity, kinematic : > 20.5 mm2/s (40 °C)

9.2 Other information

No data available

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

10.2 Chemical stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : No data available

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No data available

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 3400 ppm

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

Germ cell mutagenicity-

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Assessment

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Carcinogenicity - : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Assessment

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Reproductive toxicity -

Assessment

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Assessment: The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure, category 3 with narcotic effects.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Exposure routes: Inhalation

Assessment: The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated

exposure, category 1.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Solvents may degrease the skin.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%):

: LC50 (Fish): > 10 mg/l Toxicity to fish

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia (water flea)): > 10 mg/l

aquatic invertebrates

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae : EC50 (Algae): 4.6 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product:

Assessment This substance/mixture contains no components considered

> to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of

0.1% or higher...

12.6 Other adverse effects

Product:

Additional ecological

information

: An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of

unprofessional handling or disposal.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water

courses or the soil.

Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with

chemical or used container.

Send to a licensed waste management company.

Contaminated packaging Empty remaining contents.

Dispose of as unused product.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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Do not re-use empty containers.

Do not burn, or use a cutting torch on, the empty drum.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

 ADR
 : 1263

 IMDG
 : UN 1263

 IATA (Cargo)
 : UN 1263

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR : PAINT
IMDG : PAINT
IATA (Cargo) : Paint

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

 ADR
 : 3

 IMDG
 : 3

 IATA (Cargo)
 : 3

14.4 Packing group

ADR

Packing group : III
Classification Code : F1
Hazard Identification Number : 30
Labels : 3

IMDG

Packing group : III
Labels : 3
EmS Code : F-E, S-E

IATA (Cargo)

Packing instruction (cargo : 366

aircraft)

Packing instruction (LQ) : Y344
Packing group : III

Labels : Flammable Liquids

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR

Environmentally hazardous : yes

IMDG

Marine pollutant : yes

14.6 Special precautions for user

Not applicable

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

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500 t

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E2

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14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

200 t

Quantity 1 Quantity 2 P5c FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS 5,000 t 50,000 t

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Volatile organic compounds : 522 g/l

Directive 2004/42/EC : Special finishes (840 g/l)

Other regulations:

The product is classified and labelled in accordance with EC directives or respective national laws.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

The supplier has not carried out evaluation of chemical safety.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements

H226 : Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H336 : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H372 : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

H411 : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of other abbreviations

Aquatic Chronic : Chronic aquatic toxicity
Asp. Tox. : Aspiration hazard
Flam. Liq. : Flammable liquids

STOT RE : Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure STOT SE : Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure GB EH40 : UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits

GB EH40 / TWA : Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period)

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances

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List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO -International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO -International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID -Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Further information

Sources of key data used to : http://echa.europa.eu, http://eur-lex.europa.eu

compile the Safety Data

Sheet

Classification of the mixture: Classification procedure:

Flam. Liq. 3 H226 Based on product data or assessment

STOT SE 3 H336 Calculation method STOT RE 1 H372 Calculation method Aquatic Chronic 2 H411 Calculation method

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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